

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) A method of securely providing user information to a user machine adapted to operate in conjunction with an optically readable memory containing information which comprises at least the user information and a gatekeeper program, and having thereon an obscurable section comprising a photoreactive mask layer disposed to alter the detected optical properties of areas of the memory exposed substantially to a wavelength of optical radiation usable to read the memory, the method comprising the steps of:

collecting machine-unique information from the user machine;

generating a user machine signature based on the machine-unique information;

causing the user machine to scan the obscurable section of the memory;

determining whether an existing signature is present in the obscurable section; and if no existing signature is present in the obscurable section, causing the generated user machine signature to be written in the obscurable section by selectively irradiating the obscurable section with light of the same wavelength used to read the memory, thereby selectively altering the detected optical properties of the memory in the obscurable section, and

providing the user information to the user machine; and

if an existing signature is present in the obscurable section, causing the user machine to compare the existing signature to the generated signature, and

providing the user information to the user machine if the existing signature matches the generated signature, and denying the user machine access to the user information if the existing signature does not match the generated signature.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of collecting machine-unique information form the user machine is performed by the gatekeeper program.

3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the machine-unique information includes component-identifying information corresponding to at least one hardware component residing in the user machine.

4. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein the machine-unique information includes component-identifying information corresponding to a plurality of hardware

components residing in the user machine, and wherein the step of comparing the existing signature to the generated signature includes the step of finding a match if a subset of the component-identifying information used to derive the generated signature matches a subset of the component-identifying information used to derive the existing signature.

5. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the photoreactive mask layer includes UV chromophores pre-exposed to UV radiation, such that the photoreactive mask layer is sensitized to IR radiation of the wavelength used to read the memory.

6. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein the UV chromophores are disposed on a surface of the optically readable memory.

7. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein the UV chromophores are disposed within a layer of the optically readable memory.

8. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the photoreactive mask layer includes silver soap.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein the silver soap is disposed on the surface of the optically readable memory.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein the silver soap is disposed within a layer of the optically readable memory.

11. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the photoreactive mask layer includes amorphous compound semiconductor material.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein the amorphous compound semiconductor material is disposed on the surface of the optically readable memory.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein the amorphous compound semiconductor material is disposed within a layer of the optically readable memory.

14. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the photoreactive mask layer includes oxygen bearing material disposed within a reflective layer of the memory, adapted to release oxygen into the material of the reflective layer upon encountering IR radiation.

15. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of causing the generated user machine signature to be written in the obscurable section by selectively irradiating the obscurable section further comprises the step of irradiating the obscurable section with a wavelength of light such that the resolution is on the order of individual lands and pits to encode the user machine signature.

16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of causing the generated user machine signature to be written in the obscurable section by selectively irradiating the obscurable section further comprises the step of irradiating an individual ring of the optical memory to encode the user machine signature.

17. (Original) The method according to claim 16, wherein the step of irradiating an individual ring of optical memory to encode the user machine signature comprises the step of irradiating a subset of a plurality of rings within the obscurable section to encode a binary representation of the signature.

18. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of causing the generated user machine signature to be written in the obscurable section by selectively irradiating the obscurable section further comprises the step of irradiating individual sectors of the optical memory to encode the user machine signature.

19. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the obscurable section consists of a ring along an outer circumference of the disc surface, and wherein the photoreactive mask layer is disposed only in the obscurable section.

20. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the altered detected optical properties of the memory in the obscurable section exhibit a change in the reflectivity of the mask layer.

21. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the altered detected optical properties of the memory in the obscurable section exhibit a change in the translucence of the mask layer.

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.